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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/889,227	01/08/2002	Bernd Riedl	BAYER 15(1)	5714
23599	23599 7590 05/25/2006		EXAMINER	
MILLEN, WHITE, ZELANO & BRANIGAN, P.C.			DESAI, RITA J	
2200 CLARI SUITE 1400	ENDON BLVD.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	N, VA 22201		1625	

DATE MAILED: 05/25/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/889,227	RIEDL ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Rita J. Desai	1625
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tire  I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 M	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4)	awn from consideration. -55,58,59,62,64,65 and 68-72 is/a	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the specific part	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	its have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	

### **DETAILED ACTION**

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 3/22/2006 has been entered.

#### Election/Restrictions

The request by the applicants to limit the L' group to pyridinyl substituted by C(O)Rx and expand the substitution on the B phenyl to include the substitutions R7 and halogen, wherein R7 is an alkyl optionally substituted or an alkoxy has been considered by the examiner and now the elected group is drawn to compounds, composition and method of use drawn to a formula I wherein in A, M is O or S, L' is a pyridinyl substituted by atleast C(O)Rx, L is a phenyl and B is a phenyl substituted by R7 and halogen.

Claims pending1,3,4,6-10, 18-27, 33-40, 42, 44,45, 50-55,58,59, 62, 64, 65, 68-72.

Claims 2,5,11-17,28-32,41,43,46-49,56-57,60,61,63,66,73-89 are cancelled.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 62, 64 and 65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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of claim..."

The claim recites a method of inhibiting the raf kinase enzyme without giving the steps.

The claim should include "administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of the compound

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 70 and 72 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the pharmaceutical composition, does not reasonably provide enablement for the preamble "treatment of a cancerous cell growth". The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

In re Wands, 858 F.2d 731, 737, 8 USPQ2d 1400, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

There are many factors to be considered when determining whether there is sufficient evidence to support a determination that a disclosure does not satisfy the enablement requirement and whether any necessary experimentation is "undue". These factors include 1) the breadth of the claims, 2) the nature of the invention, 3) the state of the prior art, 4) the level of one of ordinary skill, 5) the level of predictability in the art, 6) the amount of direction provided by the inventor, 7) the existence of working examples, and 8) the quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure. In re Wands, 858 F.2d 731, 737, 8 USPQ2d 1400, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

- 1) The breadth of the claims: The instant claims encompass many compounds from an aromatic carbocyclic moiety to an aromatic carbocyclic moiety having many large electron withdrawing and bulky groups substituted on it to a moiety having many heterocyclic rings. These compounds cover a very wide range of compounds.
- 2) The nature of the invention: The invention is to treat cancer.
- 3) The state of the prior art: There is very little known in the treatment of cancer.. The state of the prior art is that it involves screening in vitro and invivo to determine which compounds

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exhibit the desired pharmacological activities. There is no absolute predictability and no established correlation between in vitro activity and the treatment of any and all cancers as the in vitro data is not a reliable predictor of success even in view of the seemingly high level of skill in the art. The existence of these obstacles establishes that the contemporary knowledge in the art would prevent one of ordinary skill in the art from accepting any therapeutic regimen on its face.

- 4) The level of one of ordinary skill: The ordinary artisan is highly skilled.
- 5) The level of predictability in the art: It is noted that the pharmaceutical art is unpredictable, requiring each embodiment to be individually assessed for physiological activity. In re Fisher, 427 F. 2d 833, 166 USPQ 18(CCPA 1970) indicates that the more unpredictable an area is, the more specific enablement is necessary in order to satisfy the statue. The level of unpredictability is in the art is very high. The compounds which differ by a methyl group also show different properties, for e.g. theophylline and caffeine. One of them is a bronchodilator and they differ only by a methyl group.
- 6) The amount of direction provided by the inventor: The inventor provides very little direction in the instant specification. There are no examples of the compositions used to treating cancerous growth let alone solid tumors.
- 7) The existence of working examples: The instant specification does not have any working examples.
- 8) The quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure: Since there are no working examples, the amount of experimentation is very high and burdensome.

Taking the above eight factors into consideration, it is not seen where the instant specification enables the ordinary artisan to make and/or use the instantly claimed invention.

Genetech Inc Vs Nova Nordisk 42 USPQ 2d 1001.

"A patent is not a hunting license. It is not a reward for search but compensation for its successful conclusion and patent protection is granted in return for an enabling disclosure of an invention, not for vague intimations of general ideas that may or may not be workable."

The Double Patenting rejection over the claims 1-15 of US 10/071248 still stands.

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See claims 1 of 10/071248,

Claim 61 of US 09/948915,

Claim 21 of US 10/361858,

Claim 12 of US 10/086417,

Claim 74 of US 09/993647,

Claims 68, 74, 80 of US 10/042203,

Claim 1 n=0 of US 10/361859,

Claim 2 of US 10/308,187,

Claim 1-8 of US 10/895985.

The claims given in the above co-pending applications are drawn to a very similar genus or species which renders the claims in the present application obvious.

Applicants should file a terminal disclaimer over these applications.

## Conclusion

The claims 1,3,4,6-10, 18-27, 33-40, 42, 44,45, 50-55,58,59, 62, 64, 65, 68-72 are hence not found to be allowable.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rita J. Desai whose telephone number is 571-272-0684. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, flex time..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas McKenzie can be reached on 571-272-0670. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Rita J. Desai
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1625

Solution 1625

R.D. May 22, 2006